

the COMSTECH 10-Year Programme for OIC States; and CERN and Pakistan

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The Issues for Developing Countries

- > Advising your own government is difficult.
- > Advising a group of countries is even more so.

Relevance? Stakeholders? Jurisdiction?

EU is different

- > Impact will Depend Upon:
 - The Nature of the work which must follow
 - Advising only ? (foresight, trends, pick the winners ?)
 - Steering? AND / OR Monitoring?
 Who will fund the programme?



Science, Technology and Innovation(STI): The Magic Wand Hypothesis

STI <u>alone</u> is not a magic wand.

Economic advancement : Extremely complex process

Basic Lesson from Growth Accounting Studies for Latecomers: Not possible to replicate exactly those who have gone before.

- If one country succeeds in an innovation-driven growth path, others will follow; <u>Conditions for entry</u> however will be different
- Concept of congruence of "social & technological capabilities" for latecomers



Core Issue: Managing Technology in the Knowledge Based Economy

- Must be Clear whether we are looking for economic outcomes of research.
- > Must remember: the reward systems of academic research are different from that of the entrepreneur
- > Also: IT Sector is not a good example to follow
- Core lesson from East Asia:
 - SMEs emerging as Major Players in the global supply chain. State policies were crucial
- ➤ During 1970s-80s, It was noticed that manufacturing can be done anywhere .., Now designing can be done in many places outside the traditional centers.

COMSTECH

OIC and COMSTECH

- OIC: Organisation of Islamic Cooperation, 57 Countries.

 1.6 billion people; Some states classed among LDCs
- COMSTECH is the Ministerial Standing Committee of the OIC on S&T, with its HQ in Islamabad, Pakistan (One of four such Committees)
- Chairman: President of Pakistan
- Has a <u>Coordinator General</u>, <u>Executive Committee</u> of 9 members, (Ministerial Level); and a <u>General Assembly</u> of all Ministers of Science/Higher Education.
- Funding: Voluntary Contributions from Member States
- Main Contributor: Pakistan
- Fast Growing Education / Science Infrastructure / Output

Mandate of COMSTECH

- 1. Assess Human / Material Resources of Member States
 - Identification of their S&T Needs
- 2. Enhancing Cooperation and Coordination in S&T
 - Building Collective Competence Building Indigenous Capabilities

Mutual Assistance

- 3. Creation of an Effective Institutional Structure for Planning, R&D, and Monitoring of S&T Activities
- 4. Building Collaborations: Regional, and International
 - >> Small Example of Sudan and PAKISTAN



How COMSTECH Works

Research Grants & Travel Support
Advanced Training Workshops in Emerging
Sciences and Technology + Design of S&T policies,
Institution Building,
Networks (13) in Key Thematic Areas,

SOME PARTNERS: IDB, TWAS, IFS, WHO-EMRO, LINDAU NOBEL LAUREATES GROUP

□ Literature Search Service

Research Grants, (typically US\$ 12,000 per scientist)					
Period	Countries	Projects			
2011-2016	44	259			



Advanced Training Workshops/Conferences

2011-16: 47 courses in emerging areas of S&T

1253 participants (26 countries);

514 keynote speakers (~ 40% from Advanced Countries)

Capacity Building in Policy Formulation, Foresight, and Implementation Strategies (Scientists/ Managers)

Period	Events	Participants	Countries	Resource Persons
2011-15	11	323	24	69
1996-2015	23	683	31	152

Financial Assistance for Conf. / Workshops in OIC States 198 events; 108 in Pakistan, 90 in 31 OIC states



Advanced Trainings only in 2016

Three Hands-on Training Workshops Completed. Six more by December 2016

#	Title	Countries	Participants
1	Integrating Clinical Pharmacy Education, Practice & Research: Bridging the Gap;	8	39
2	Application of Nuclear Radiation (Agriculture, Medicine, Non Destructive Testing, Safety and Nuclear Regulatory Practices) with IAEA	10	35
3	Genomics and Genome Editing	13	33
	Total	31	107

Fifteen Thematic Areas Identified for 2016-17 ('Science Communication' in Jan 2017)



COMSTECH Directory of Active Scientists of OIC Countries(2012)

Size: 16 volumes, (21,997 pages)

- A Major Resource for the Scientific Community
- Provides Internationally Abstracted Information
 - > Emerging Areas in Basic and Applied Sciences
 - Arranged according to fields and sub fields.
 - > This publication is helping to create joint programs and collaborations among the OIC scientific community.

This database is now being updated.

Available at: www.comstech.org.



The COMSTECH 10-year Plan for Development of Science & Technology in OIC Countries

- New Relationship Between Science & Society
 - Key Objective: Build a Scientific Culture.
 generally absent in most OIC Countries
- > Components of the Plan:
 - Emerging Sciences & Technology: Basic Sciences
 - Focused Exchange of Scholars, an Internal ToT
 - Some 'Big' Science / Multinational Programmes
 - Venture Capital for Hi tech Start ups
- Implementation Strategy: < Steering Committee >
 - Thematic Groups
 - Costs, Timelines



OIC 10 Year Plan 2016-25: 3 Major Categories

- > Infrastructure & Research in universities & Les. centres
- 'Mother' Institutes as major nodes in the
- Ibn al Haitham Programme: Mobility IC and outside:
- · High Performance Computer Facility
- Projects with Econopy Parallel
 Hi-Technology Start-upg Bo-Med. En Teaching Aids, Storage Technologies ologies for Ren. Energy
 - Training of Technicians: Different and Higher Skills
- > Some Joint Multinational Science Programmes:
 - Climate, Astronomy & Space Sciences, Oceanography, etc.
 - Glaciology / Glacier Melting -The Karakorum Anomaly
 - Space Sciences: Small Sats., Resource Mapping Sat. (1)
 - Synchrotron Light Sources



Some Work in Progress

- > Renewable Energy (RE) Profile of OIC Countries:
 - Mix / efficiency (solar, wind, biomass, nuclear, hydro)
 - Planned, Installed and / or Under Construction
 - National Policies (Feed in Tariffs and Incentives)
 - Cost of Electricity Generation / Local Capabilities in RE
- Will fund Storage Technology Programmes
- > Science Profile of the OIC Countries:
 - Strengths of a Country (Area / Field, etc)
 - Institutes, Groups, Leading Researchers,



Some MoUs with Int. Organisations

- 1. Lindau Nobel Committee /Foundation:
 - COMSTECH: 20 Science PhD students or post docs &
 - 15 Economists from OIC states to Lindau
- 2. Pakistan Govt.: 100 students/year (LDCs), starts 2017.
- 3. Directly with OIC Member States
- 4. Under Negotiation: IIASA in Vienna, CERN, Geneva?

Looking for more international partners



TYPICAL IMPLEMENTATION MECHANISM

Members	STEERING COMMITTEE, Chaired by COMSTECH						
Core Members	IAS	ISESCO	СОМСЕС	COMIAC	OIC Sectt.	IDB	
Regional Advisors	Five Leading Scientists (One each from W. Africa, MENA, C. Asia, S. Asia, S.E Asia)						

THEMATIC GROUPS: Experts from Member States / OIC Organs

Basic & ICT&		<u></u>	Food,		High	Technical &	Harmonisation
Applied Cyber-		r-	Water, an	d F	erformance	Vocational	of Trade Laws
Sciences security		ity	Agriculture		Computer	Education	& Industrial
				Cei	ntres (HPCCs)	Standards
Groups for Big Science Proj					iects	Intra-OIC	Venture
• Space		• C	limate	Joint Manufcture		Accreditation	Capital
 Oceanography 				•Power Plants		Universities	& Soft Loans
 Earth Sciences 		ı		•ICT		and Mability of	for
		Astronomy _●L		•Lab.	Eqpt.	Mobility of Scientists	Hi-Tech
				1 1		Scientists	start-ups



CERN and Pakistan

□ Particle Detectors:

R&D on Particle Detectors: RPCs, Gas Electron Multipliers (GEM) at NCP and PINSTECH.

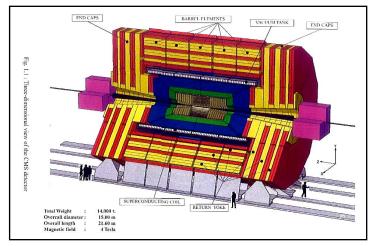
□ Grid Computing:

- > The Global LHC Computing Grid (WLCG); nodes at NCP and COMSATS in collaboration with CMS and ALICE.
- Accelerator Technology:
- > Design and Manufacture of SC Magnets ... sextupole magnets for SESAME accelerator in Jordan
- > Working with RF acceleration groups: CLIC & LINAC 4

Pakistan's first Synchrotron: Approved in Principle



Some Outcomes in Pakistani S&T: The Large Hadron Collidor (LHC), Geneva



Transporter, 13 T



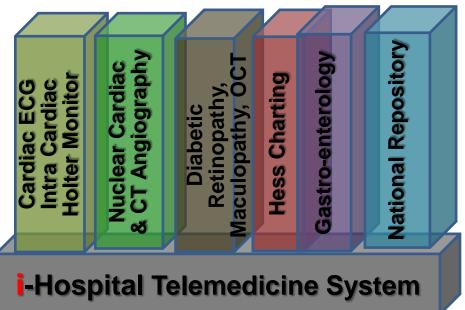


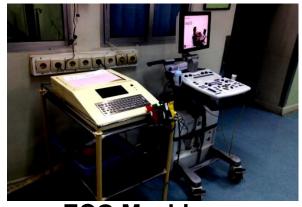
Detector Position Monitoring
System for CMS at CERN's LHC:

40 Laser Systems; designed and manufactured in Pakistan

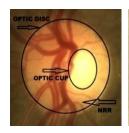


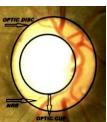
ICT Products from One Institute

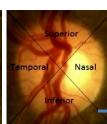




ECG Machine

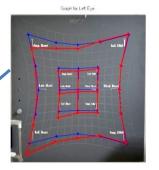


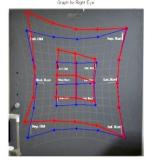




Fund: \$500m +

ICT R&D





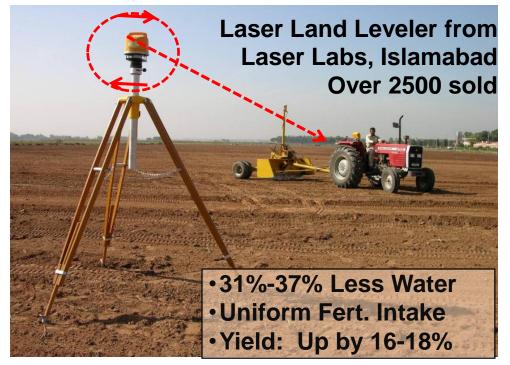
HESS Charting: Image Processing

Glaucoma Detection Using Fundus Image Processing

Small charge on every mobile phone call (115 m mobile phones)



Some Examples of Pakistani STI



Pakistani Laser Industry: ~ US\$ 150m



Lasers for Univ.

Laser Crystals

Fed its people Most of the time.

- The Case of Cotton (from 3 m bales to 15 m bales)
- Wheat ... 25% of new seed from just one Agric. Res. Instt.
- Space Based Crop Estimation
- National Gene Bank



Some Facilities for NPPs

Machining up to:

- D x L (m): 16 m x12m
- Height 6.5 m
- Weight 320 Tons
- Accuracies in microns.



16 m Dia. Vertical Lathe



12 m Boring & Milling Machine



Turbine Blade Carriers

Evaporator for Desalination Plant



D x L (m): 3.2 x 16.4 Wt = 50 ton; 1,600 m³/day



Heat
Exchangers
/ Air Coolers

