What does the twin transition imply for supply-side economic strategy?

European Commission, Sustaining Productivity Growth in the Twin Transition Brussels, 10 October 2024

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Transitions will shape economy for decades





Photo by <u>Tim Vanderhoydonck</u> on <u>Unsplash</u>

Photo by Jason Mavrommatis on Unsplash





The 'free market innovation machine' has malfunctioned

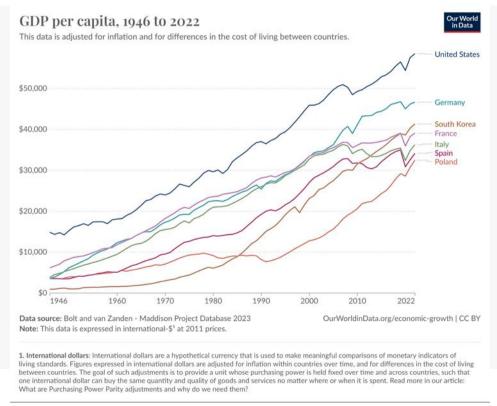
Sustainability
Health & life expectancy
Resilience/security
Inequality
Flat productivity
Everyday challenges







There are few economic 'miracles'







Firms face multiple, interdependent, choices

Margin	Response to adverse shock
Output quantity	Output declines (turnover, exports)
Output price	Price rises
Input mix (K,L,E,M,S)	Decline in use of more costly factors, others ambiguous
Production process	Technology, location, WFH, organisation
Stay/quit	Business survival, start-up rates

Based on Table 1 in *How do firms cope with economic shocks in real time?* Thiemo Fetzer, Christina Palmou, Jakob Schneebacher, https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/media/66e958fee4b40ed591881c44/How_do_firms_cope_with_economic_shocks_in_real.pdf





Firms' choices depend on starting point

Figure 3. Firm productivity in 2019 and likelihood of introducing new digital products during the pandemic

Regression coefficients for labour productivity groups, by digital technology classes (reference productivity group: 40%-60%)

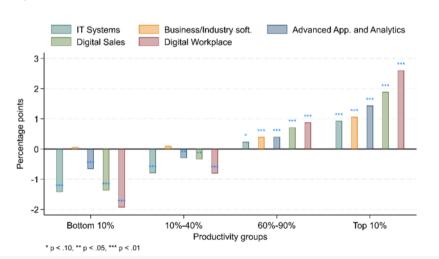
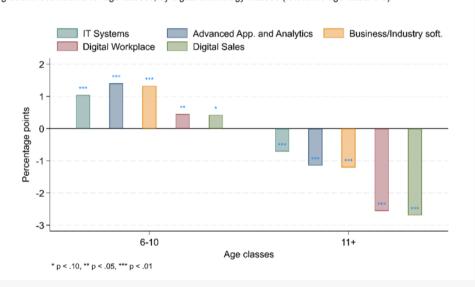


Figure 6. Firm age in 2019 and likelihood of introducing new digital products during the pandemic

Regression coefficients for age classes, by digital technology classes (reference age class: 0-5)



Calvino, Criscuolo, Ughi 2024





Table 1. Digital technology classes, applications, and functionalities

Digital class	Digital application	Digital functionality (e.g.)
Advanced Applications and Analytics	Analytics	Web Analytics
		Marketing Analytics
	A/B Testing	A/B Testing
	Machine Learning	Machine Learning
	Big Data	Big Data
	Production printer	Production printer
Digital Sales	Digital Commerce	Payment Processing, E-commerce platform, Retail software, E-Commerce Platform/Software
	CRM & Sales software	CRM, Sales Performance Management
	Customer Service	Contact Centre Management, Customer Feedback Management
	Marketing and Advertising	Email Marketing
Digital Workplace	Cloud	Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS), Platform as a Service (PaaS)
	Collaborative Software	Collaboration software, Project management, Document management
	Publishing and Design software	Graphic Design, CAD/CAM, Design & Publishing Software
	Suites and SaaS	Software as a Service (SaaS), Office Suites
Industry/Business software	Industry software	Manufacturing software, Sustainability software
	Business Intelligence	Business Intelligence
	Human Capital	Human Resources Management
	Management	
	ERP & Business Management	Enterprise resource planning, Business Process Management, Enterprise Application Integration, Enterprise Management
	Financial Management	Enterprise Asset Management
	Supply Chain Management	Supply Chain Management
T Systems	IT Architecture	PCs, Servers, Printers
	IT Development	Frameworks & Libraries, Programming Languages
	Web Architecture	Website Builders
	Data Management	Data Integration, Data Management
	IT Security	Anti-Virus, Data Loss Prevention Software, Disaster Recovery, Email Security





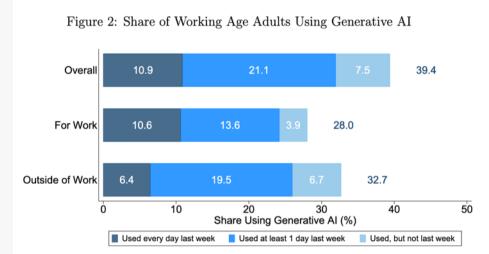


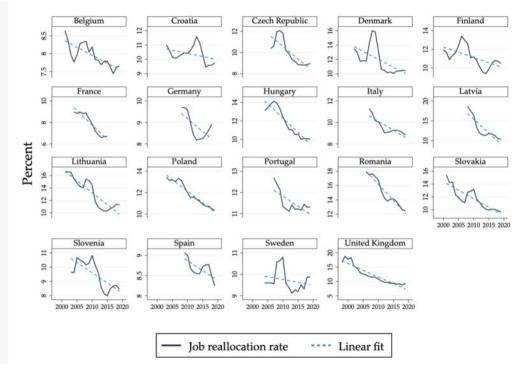
Figure 6: In Which Specific Tasks Is AI Most Useful? (a) At Work Writing Communications Performing Administrative Tasks Interpreting / Translating / Summarizing Searching for Facts or Information Coding Software Documentation or Detailed Instructions Generating / Developing New ideas Support with Customers / Coworkers Data Analysis / Visualization Tutoring or Educational Assistance 3.5 Other 10 30 40 Share Ranking Task #1-2 (%)

US data from The Rapid Adoption of Generative AI, Bick, Blandin & Deming, Sept 2024





Structural change needs business dynamism







Structural change needs scale















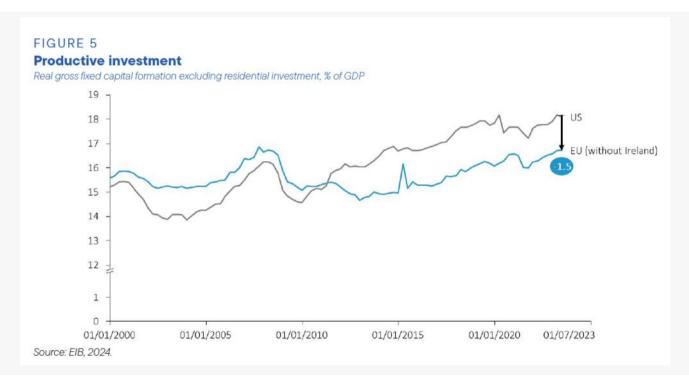
Policies for technology adoption

- Output markets
 - Insurance data risks
 - Standards scale, supply chains
 - Advance market commitments (public spending & procurement)
- Input markets
 - Know-how
 - Skills
 - Bottlenecks
- Structures
 - Infrastructure
 - Legal/regulatory constraints





Transition requires investment



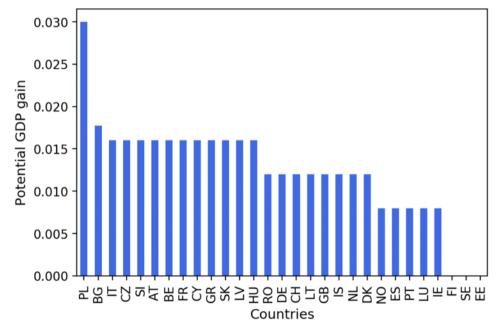




Investment is a broad concept

- Multiple types of capital matter
 - 'Fixed' equipment, structures
 - Intangibles
 - Human skills, know how, health
 - Natural
 - Organisational 'institutions'
- So do the correlations
- Poorly measured data needs

Figure 5. Predicted impact of EC Directive 2008/50 on country-level GDP.



Dechezleprêtre, Rivers, Stadler 2024



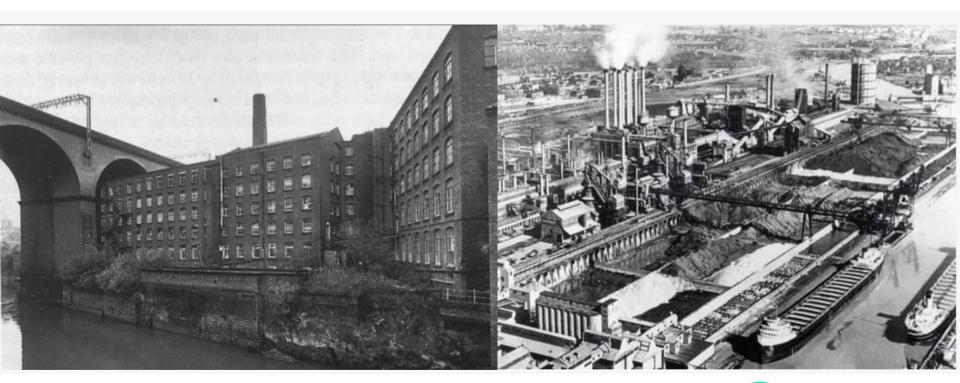


'Technovisionism' won't deliver













Nor will 'technical' policy solutions

- Policymakers face normative & long-lasting choices
 - Central banking
 - Competition policy
- Social contract & public consent matter
- Political environment
- Is this a zero or positive sum world?

• Above all – a coordinated & strategic approach is essential



